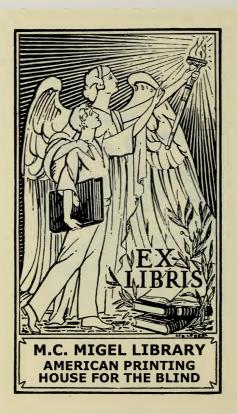
# BASIC ARABIC BRAILLE CHART

HV/673 Al I



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IN	I HE NAME	OF GOD	THE MOST	GRACIOUS.	THE MOST	MERCIFUL

The Basic Arabic Braille Chart was developed at the Braille Unification Conference, held under the auspices of UNESCO in 1952

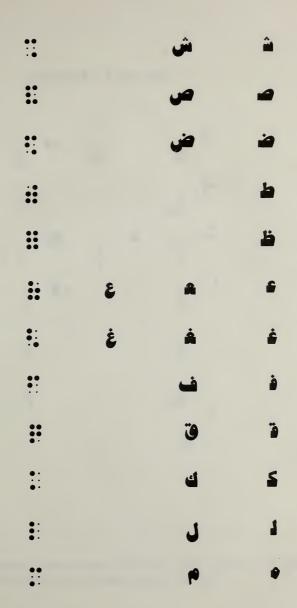
This pamphlet was prepared by:

Saleh Ibrahim Al-Muhanna Rebecca Ann Anderson Ahmed Mohamed Hamoud Shuga'a

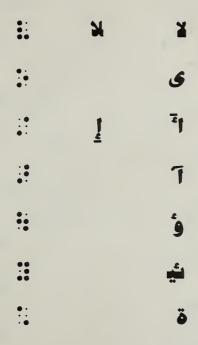
Greeley, Colorado June, 1984

(Braille cells taken from Alphabetical Index of Braille Signs, American Printing House for the Blind-1981)

**BASIC ALPHABET** 

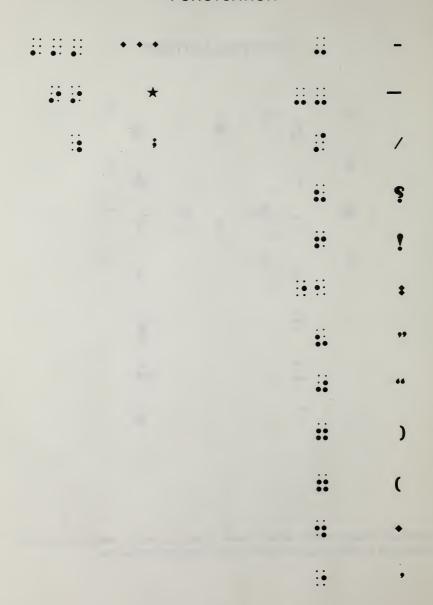


## ACCENTED LETTERS

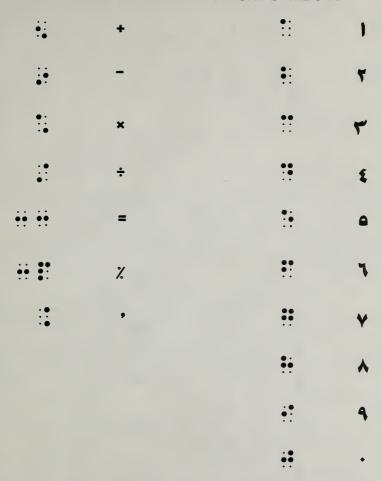


Although many Arabic letters have forms for initial, medial and final positions in the word, the braille symbol remains the same.

# **PUNCTUATION**



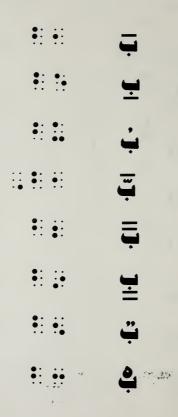
## NUMBERS AND MATHEMATICAL SYMBOLS



The symbols used for the numbers are the same as the symbols used for some letters. For this reason it is necessary to use the number sign to distinguish between the letters and the numbers. The number sign: • •

When combining letters with numbers, the letter sign is used. The letter sign:

# **VOWEL POINTS**



The vowel points are used infrequently. They are used primarily when accurate pronunciation is critical.

The second letter of the Arabic alphabet is shown with the vowel points as an example.

HV1673 al-Muhanna, Saleh c.3
Al 1 Ibrahim et al.
BASIC ARABIC BRAILLE CHART.
(n.d.)

DATE		

AMERICAN FOUNDATION FOR THE BLIND
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